

ANNUAL MEING

December 5 | Gaylord National Harbor, MD

Debbie CondreyCIO *The Sequoia Project, Inc.*

PULSE – Patient Unified Lookup System for Emergencies



Introduction to the PULSE Program



- Nationwide health IT disaster response program/platform that can be deployed at the city, county or state level to
 - Authenticate health care volunteer providers
 - Allow credentialed volunteer providers to search and view medical histories to provide better care to displaced patients
 - Federate queries and patient document requests to all connected HIOs
- The PULSE development contract was awarded to Audacious Inquiry in March 2016 by the Emergency Medical Services Authority (EMSA). PULSE was utilized extensively during the California wildfires in 2018 and activated again during the wildfires this past summer
- The PULSE Advisory Council, facilitated by the Sequoia Project was created to support the project and provide key feedback regarding access needs and functionality. The Advisory Council consists of representation from the following: DOT and state agencies (California, Florida, Texas, North Carolina, Georgia etc.) and is attended by representatives from Ai, the ONC and other federal agencies
- Today's panel will provide more information on the PULSE program and how to be engage and implement this valuable tool

PULSE Advisory Council Members

| Member | Affiliation |
|--------------------|---|
| Kristen Finne | ASPR |
| Rim Cothren | CAHIE |
| Dan Smiley | California EMSA |
| Leslie Witten-Rood | California EMSA |
| Sean Turner | Common Spirit (formerly Dignity Health) (Healthcare Provider) |
| Katharyn Kryda | Department of Transportation |
| Heidi Fox | FLHIE |
| Jaime Bustos | FLHIE |
| Suzanne Kirayoglu | FLHIE |
| Tara Cramer | GRACHIE |
| Lee Stevens | HHS |
| Corey Mercy | NC Department of Health |
| Nora Belcher | TEHA |
| George Gooch | THSA |

PULSE Panel Introductions



- Rachel Abbey, Public Health Analyst, HHS Office of the National Coordinator
- Scott Afzal, President, Audacious Inquiry
- Debbie Condrey, CIO, The Sequoia Project, Inc.

PULSE Implementation - Updates from the States



- Florida
- North Carolina
- Texas
- California
- Virginia
- Georgia



Rachel AbbeyPublic Health Analyst

HHS Office of the National Coordinator

PULSE Story





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Lessons Learned





DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES

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Director Office for Civil Rights 200 Independence Ave., SW Rm 506F Washington, DC 20201

September 9, 2005

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Office for Civil Rights
HURRICANE KATRINA BULLETIN #2:

HIPAA Privacy Rule Compliance Guidance and Enforcement Statement For Activities in Response to Hurricane Katrina

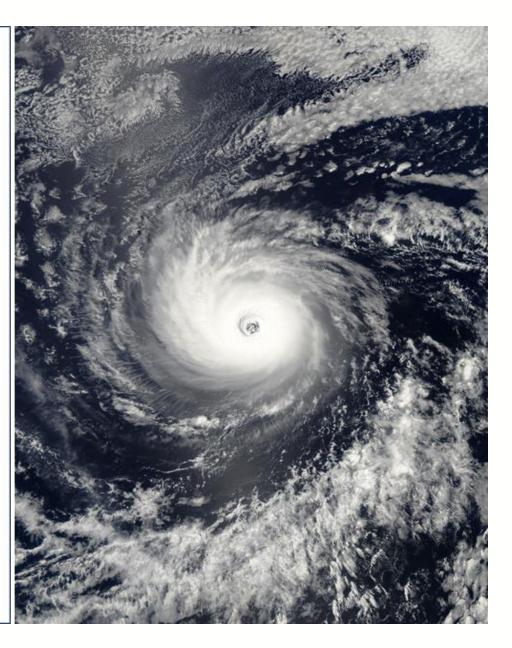
Background

Hundreds of thousands of evacuees from areas affected by Hurricane Katrina have been relocated to shelters across the country. For many, an important need is to identify and provide prescription medications. However, medical and prescription records of many evacuees either are lost or inaccessible.

Health plans and health care providers are working together with other industry segments to gather and provide this information to the appropriate points of care for the evacuees. The information below provides guidance on how the HIPAA Privacy Rule applies to these activities, as well as describes the HHS Office for Civil Rights' enforcement approach in light of these emergency circumstances.

Compliance Guidance

The Hurricane Katrina Bulletin: HIPAA Privacy and Disclosures in Emergency Situations (attached), issued by OCR, emphasizes the broad range of permissible disclosures that covered entities may make to respond to the needs of evacuees in these situations. For example, health plans and health care providers may disclose prescription and other health information to health care providers at shelters to facilitate treatment of the evacuees.



Patient Unified Lookup System for Emergencies (PULSE)





What Does PULSE Do?

PULSE enables authorized disaster healthcare volunteers and first responders to view health information to treat people who are displaced or seeking care during disasters

How Does PULSE Work?

- Disaster healthcare volunteers log into the PULSE web portal and are authenticated using the state's credentialed healthcare volunteer system
- Authorized volunteers, located in alternative care facilities, search for patient records from all connected providers and networks
- Volunteers retrieve patient records and view patient information (e.g., allergies, medications, problems) while treating them at the alternative care facilities
- https://sequoiaproject.org/pulse/

Need for Access to Health Information in Disasters





- Widespread adoption of electronic health records (EHRs)
 by most hospitals and office-based physicians
- Providers at alternative care facilities (e.g., shelters) are often health care volunteers—who may not have access to an electronic health record system but are credentialed and authorized through their state's Emergency System for Advance Registration of Volunteer Health Professionals (ESAR-VHP) to provide care during a disaster
- During a disaster many people will seek care outside of their "traditional health care environments"—continuity of care is broken
- Providers serving disaster patients need basic information such as allergies, current medications, and problems—providers can not rely on patient knowledge in times of extreme stress

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The Sequoia Project 2019 Annual Meeting

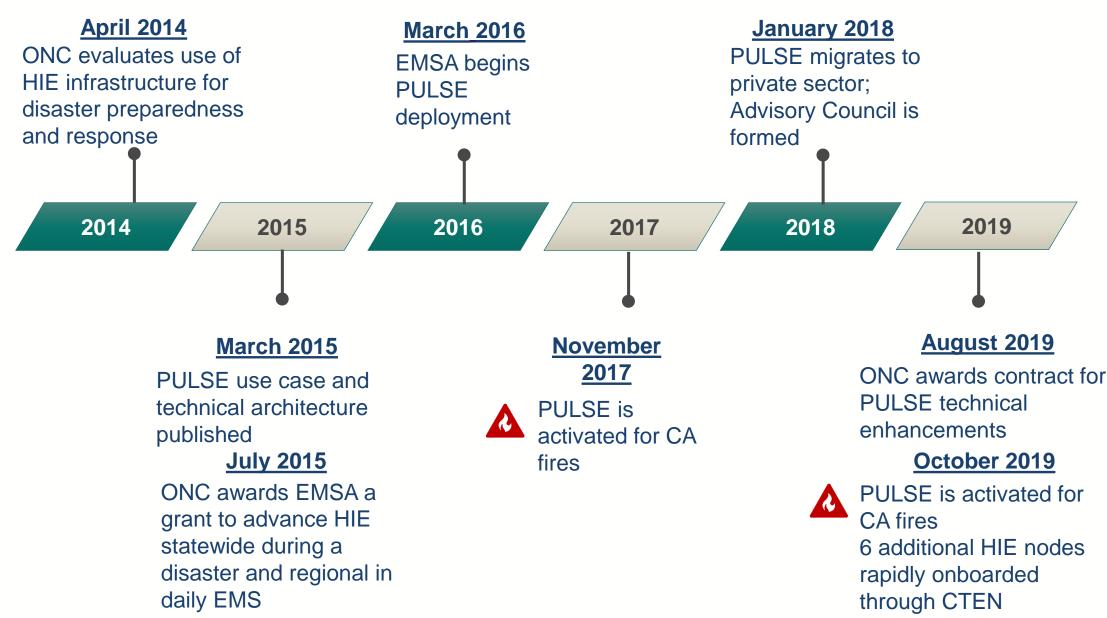


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Scott Afzal
President
Audacious Inquiry

PULSE Evolution



PULSE Overview

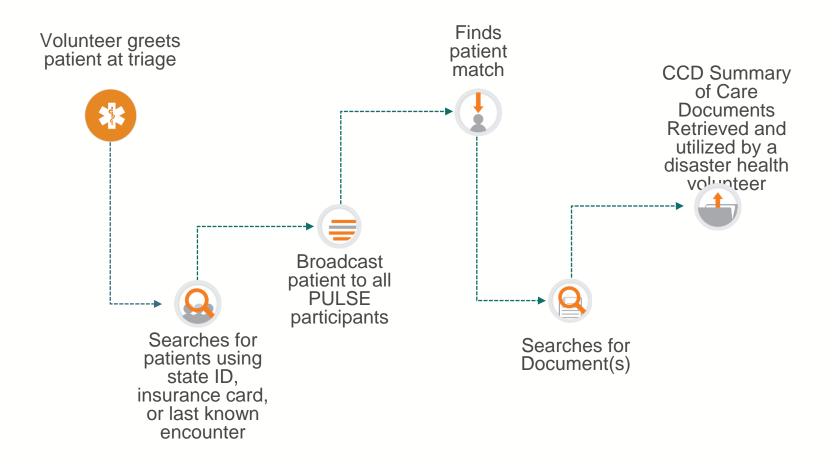


PULSE enables authorized disaster healthcare volunteers to access health records to treat people injured or displaced due to disasters

How Does PULSE Work?

- Disaster Healthcare Volunteers log into the PULSE portal and are authenticated against the state's credentialed volunteer database
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- Volunteers retrieve and view patient records while treating patients at alternative care facilities

Sample PULSE Workflow Triaging Patients Seeking Treatment at a Field Hospital



PULSE Enhancements – Technical Features

Enhance Administrator & Health Provider Usability

- Enhancing Administrative User Capabilities
 - Activation of PULSE at jurisdictional levels
 - Dashboard with key metrics of PULSE usage and underlying audit functions
- Enhancing End-User Experience
 - Enhance Clinical Document Display and Filtering
 - Medications
- Researching GIS capabilities

Improve Interoperability

- Updating the PULSE Message Adapter for eHealthExchange Network and Carequality query support
- Enabling PULSE Directory
 Service to connect to the eHealthExchange through a designated standard

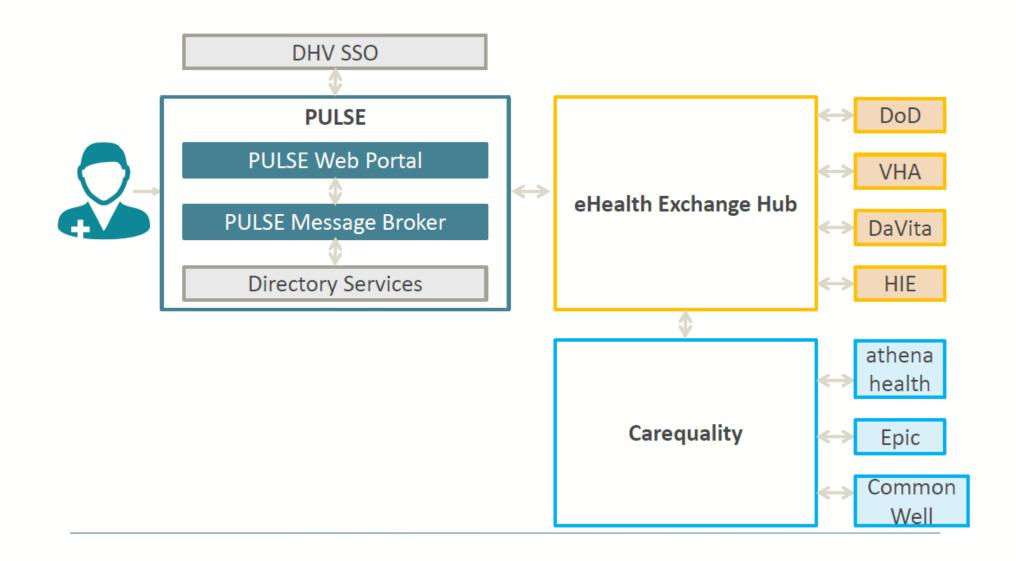
Improve Compatibility of PULSE with ESAR-VHP and other health IT systems

- Enabling a more streamlined workflow, single-sign on (SSO) between the PULSE system and the ESAR-VHPs systems
- Creating a prototype to facilitate a standardized method for volunteer singlesign on to PULSE

Technical Documentation

Education Materials

PULSE Enhancements – National Networks



PULSE Enhancements Education Materials

General Information

Contact Information

General PULSE Overview

PULSE FAQ

Glossary

PULSE demo slides

State Planning

PULSE Features & Technical Specifications

State Operational Decision List Funding options

Business model with Phases

Disaster Response Federal and State Policy overview

Privacy & Security guide*

Self-assessment*

Implementation guide*

State Implementation

End User Implementation Guide

Technical documents

Testing documents

Operating documents

PULSE Proposed Phasing for States

Information & Preparation

- Ai, Sequoia, ONC/ASPR outreach
- PULSE demo
- Self-assessment
- Review current implementation guide

Planning

- Secure funding
- Align policies
- Confirm procurement approach
- Operations planning
- Contracting

Implementation*

- State onboarding to PULSE front end
- Connection to local Disaster Volunteer Tool via Single Sign On (SSO)
- eHealthExchange (Gateway)
- Table-top exercise/ Training demo environment
- QA/Testing
- Project Management
- Training

Ongoing Readiness

- Software hosting, updates, testing, upgrades, operational support
- Internal Ai team preparedness and training
- Developments and improvements
- Training Portal support
- Service Level Agreements (SLAs)

Activated Emergency

- 24/7 monitoring and activation support
- Trouble-shooting support team availability
- Network monitoring and redundancy
- Communication
- Administrative reports

* States could have custom requirements, but we are striving for a common platform and repeatable implementations

Emergency Preparedness & Response Use Cases

First Responder Access to Health Information (PULSE)

- Patient Unified Lookup System for Emergencies (PULSE) allows authorized disaster healthcare volunteers, including first responders, access to vital patient health information during disasters
- The Sequoia project was engaged as a partner to advance the breadth of PULSE relevance convening expert advisory council
- Leverages the national networks

State Use: California – CalEMSA – 2018 & 2019 Wildfires

Family Reunification

- Ai's Encounter Notification Services (ENS®) receives real-time Admission, Discharge, Transfer messages (HL7 ADTs) and routes those messages to subscribers that have a permitted relationship with a patient for care coordination purposes
- Identify if missing individuals have been registered at a hospital
- Enables registration events to be created from a web interface in order to support registrations at evacuation sites

State Use: Florida – AHCA Hurricane Michael

Reidentification of Vulnerable Populations

- HHS emPOWER Map 3.0
 HHS gives every public
 health official, emergency
 manager, hospital, first
 responder, electric
 company, and community
 member the power to
 discover the electricity dependent Medicare
 population in their state,
 territory, county, and ZIP
 Code
- When combined with realtime severe weather and hazard maps, communities can easily anticipate and plan for the needs of this population during an emergency, including preidentification of at-risk and vulnerable populations

